M.M.H.S.S Vilakudy





Manager Sri.R. Balakrishna Pillai



ജി. അനിൽകുമാർ (ഹെയ്മാസ്റ്റർ/പ്രിൻസിഷാൾ)



M.M.H.S.S Vilakudy

Vilakudy P.O,KOLLAM Dist

<u>Tel:0475-</u> 2322800 Email:40037mmhsvilakudy@gmail.com

Editor : G. Anil Kumar (H.M)

Chief Editor : Shyla Beevi (HSA)

Staff Editor : Manju S Nair (HSA)

Student Editor: Harikrishnan

Editorial Board: Anitha (HSA)

Lekha (HSA)

Nandana R Anil

Anjana

Riya

Sona

Asiya

ചരിത്രം

വിളക്കുടി പഞ്ജായത്തിൽ ഒരു ഹൈസ്ക്കൾ - അത് നാടിന് ആവശ്യമായിരുന്നു. 1962 ക്രൂൺ മാസത്തിൽ ആ സ്വപ്നം പൂവണിഞ്ഞു. പത്തനാപുരം താലൂക്ക് എൻ.എസ്.എസ് യൂണിയൻ പ്രസിഡന്റം മുൻ മന്ത്രിയുമായ ശ്രീ. ആർ. ബാലകൃഷ്ണപിള്ളയുടെ കഠിനാധ്വാനത്തിന്റേയും ഇശ്ചാശക്തിയുടെയും ഫലമായാണ് ഈ സ്വപ്നം പൂവണിഞ്ഞത്. പുനലൂരിലോ തലവൂരിലോ പോയി ഹൈസ്സ്ക്ളൾ വിദ്യാഭ്യാസം നേടേണ്ടിയവർക്കും അവരുടെ രക്ഷാകർത്താക്കൾക്കും അനഗ്രഹമായി. സൂളിനാവശ്യമായ സ്ഥലം സൗകര്യപ്പെടുത്താൻ സഹായിച്ച ശ്രീ.കെ.പി.കുഞ്ഞൻ പിള്ള ഈ സന്ദർഭത്തിൽ സൂരണീയനാണ്. നൂറ്റി അൻപത്തിയൊന്ന് കുട്ടികളും ആറ് അദ്ധ്യാപകരും മറ്റ് രണ്ട് ജീവനക്കാരുമായി മന്നം മെമ്മോറിയൽ ഹൈസ്കൾ പ്രവർത്തനമാരംഭിച്ചു.ശ്രീ.എൻ.രവീന്ദ്രൻ നായർക്കായിരുന്നു ഹെഡ്മാസ്റ്റുറുടെ താൽക്കാലിക ചുമതല. 1.3.1963 ൽ ശ്രീ. പി.എൻ.ഗംഗാധരൻ നായർ സ്ഥിരം ഹെഡ്മാസ്റ്ററായി ചുമതലയേറ്റു.കേരളത്തിലെ ഏറ്റവും നല്ല വിദ്യാലയങ്ങളുടെ പട്ടികയിൽ സൂൾ ഇടം ഭ്നടിയിരുന്നു.

കവിത

ഓർമ

തേങ്ങും ഹൃത്തുമായ് ഉഴലുന്നതാനിന്ന് നാം വേർപിരിയുന്നുവെങ്കിലും പൊട്ടിച്ചിരിച്ചു. നടന്ന ഈ നാളുകൾ മറക്കില്ല ഞാൻ ദേഹവും ദേഹിയും തമ്മിലടിഞ്ഞ് നാം തമ്മിൽ പിരിയുവാൻ വെമ്പുമ്പോൾ സൗവർണ ശൃംഖല പൊട്ടുമ്പോൾ ഒന്നിച്ചു മേളിച്ച മൂന്നു സംവൽസരം ഓർമ്മയിൽ സൗരഭ്യമേകുന്നു. വിജ്ഞാനമോതും ഗുരവിനെയും പിരിയുന്നു വെന്നാകിലും വിജ്ഞാന ദീപ്തി ജ്വലിപ്പിച്ച പാതയിൽ തെററാതെ സഞ്ചരിച്ചീടുന്നു. പൊതുവീഥികളിൽ ഒരു പക്ഷേ നാം കണ്ടുമുട്ടിടാം അനുസ്മരിക്കാം നമുക്ക് പൊൻകസവിട്ട പഴയ ദിനങ്ങളെ!

At a glance..... In a dream World

In everyone's life there is a moment which is Very unexpected and memorable. Like above, I too have a beautiful occasion that Leads me to my dream world. I was also a person who had beautiful visions and views about my life and carrier. So, I had to find out a right place for my future plans and also I want right person to direct and clear out my paths. It was a "herculean task" for me. But I never gave up my ambition. At last, with the help of my teachers and Parents I found out a place. Not a place.... but a dream world, that is my school "M.M.H.S.S Vilakudy", which Consists of good and right faculties, cute Friends, elders and very apt school atmosphere.

The first day in my school life was a speech less experience. I never ever feel that I am an outsider or nothing like that because my friends or my teachers didn't allow me to think of it. And I am very sure that I got the best opportunities in curricular and co curricular activities. And or school is concentrated on making students as a good

individuals moreover than making them us doctors, engineers etc.

Therefore all are equal in our school campus and all of us have the right freedom to make us ideas possible. And our facilities are hard working to bring out us hidden talents. And Also or school gives priority to chewer and Agriculture.

For that we want support, courage, motivation and good influences. The people can encourage or discourage but most welcoming is encouragement. None must be led to disaster. Now I am not ready to give up. Because, I have strong determination to achieve my goals. I taught all this lessons from my school

Nandana SR 9A

CharlesBabbage

We could argue that the first computer was the abacus or its

descendant, the slide rule, invented by William Oughtred in 1622.

But the first computer resembling today's modern machines was

the Analytical Engine, a device conceived and designed by **British**

mathematician **Charles Babbage** between 1833 and 1871.Charles

Babbage (1791-1871) was an English mathematician best

remembered for designing a series of mechanical computers

known as the difference engine and the analytical engine, the latter

using punched cards. Although his dream of creating a calculating

machine could not be realized using steam-age technology, the

difference engine and analytical engine were some of the earliest designs for mechanical computers.

Babbage was born to affluent parents and was educated at

Cambridge University. Recognized at a young age for his

scientific talent, he was elected to the prestigious Lucasian Chair

of Mathematics at Cambridge in 1823.

While he held this influential position for twelve years, he

infrequently lectured at Cambridge. Instead, he devoted much of

his time to studying logarithms and building a device that would

use machine-power to accurately calculate and print out functions.

With the aid of a government subsidy, he hoped to build a

calculator that could handle twenty-decimal numbers and sixthorder

differences. In the 1840s, he corresponded with Ada Lovelace,

who assisted Babbage in developing the difference engine by

sharing several basic concepts of computer science with him. She

also drafted instructions for using the engine to calculate so-called

Bernoulli numbers. He died without finishing this device, and the

incomplete "Difference Engine Number One" has been housed in

museums ever since.

Contributing to the failure of the difference engine was Babbage's

devotion to a grander project: an analytical engine that would use

punched cards to code data in an automated computing system.

Babbage developed this idea for a computing "mill" from

observing the use of punch cards in loom weaving machinery. He

conceived of this machine, which could add, subtract, multiply,

and divide, on a massive scale, hoping to incorporate one

thousand columns of geared wheels in a mill that had a memory

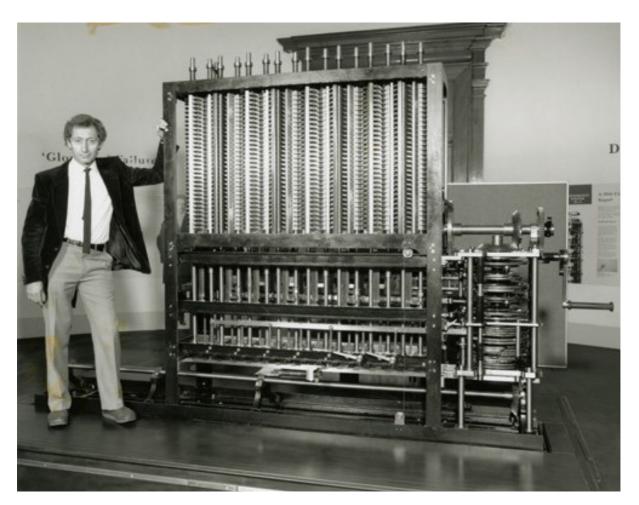
unit and employed logical decision-making. Although his designs

predicted modern computing technology, the mill was never built

in Babbage's lifetime. His son later used Babbage's plans to build

a small model of the analytical machine, which is now on display

at the Science Museum in London.



കവിത

ഗുരുഭക്തി

Molphy 9B

ഏറെക്കൊതിക്കുന്ന വിദ്യാർത്ഥി ജീവിതം ഏറെ ഇഷ്ടപ്പെടുന്നു ഞാൻ എൻെറ ഗുരുനാഥനെ അജ്ഞതതൻ പടുകുഴിയിൽ നിന്നെന്നെ ഉയർത്തിയ ഉയർത്തുന്ന എൻെറ ഗുരുനാഥനെ ഓർമ്മതൻ നന്ദനച്ചെപ്പ് തുറക്കുമ്പോൾ ഓടിയെത്തുന്നതാം എൻെറ ഗുരുനാഥനെ ഗുരുവിൻ വിശിഷ്ടോപദേശത്തേക്കാൾ വില മതിക്കുന്നില്ല ഞാൻ ഈ ഭൂവിൽ മറെറാന്നിനും ജന്മജന്മാന്തരങ്ങൾ കഴിഞ്ഞാലും വാത്സല്യ നിധിയാകും ഗുരുവിൻ കഴിയുമെന്നെ ബോധമെൻ ഹൃദയത്തിൽ ശക്തിപകരുന്നു. കൊടുങ്കാററിൽ പോലും ചലിക്കാത്ത ഹൃദയത്തിൻ ഉടമയാണിന്നെൻറ ഗുരുനാഥൻ ദയയും, ഔദാര്യവും തൻ നാവിൻ തുമ്പിൻ നിന്നുതിരുന്നത് കാണാൻ ഇഷ്ടപ്പെടുന്നതാം എൻെറ ഗുരുനാഥനെ ശാന്തിതൻ ഗീതത്തെ ഓർമ്മിപ്പാൻ ഞാൻ ഓർക്കുന്നതാം എൻെറ ഗുരുനാഥനെ ഏറെക്കൊതിക്കുന്ന വിദ്യാർത്ഥി ജീവിതത്തിൽ ഏറെ ഇഷ്ടപ്പെടുന്നുഞാൻ എൻെറ ഗുരുനാഥനെ

गरग बनदन

मम क कक मम एक छछटट तततलट जजसट, बछरर पर अकर जजसक वसतस कछ, तमलक पकरकर सरस जमखग ट जजसट शछतभत ममरक गरग । 'ग'ग जजसक असधककर कछ हटककर 'र' जजसक परप ककश नम मझग म तदयक। 'मकम'जजसक दछ अकर स म परम, 'मक'म कछ अपनक गरग नम मझग म बतक तदयक। तप.आर कक षणकवमणट

Aromal 9.A

READING

Reading is a cognitive process of actively redefining internally organized concepts as a means of processing information represented by language. In simple terms, a way of getting information and achieving new insight about something that is written. Reading involves decoding the symbols that the particular language offers and knowing the makeup of the language William Nicholson said that "we read to know we're not alone" Reading and bearing are the two most common ways to get information. Information gain from reading can include, entertainment, especially when

reading fiction or humour.

Reading has at all times and in all ages been a great sorts of knowledge. Today the ability to read is highly valued and very important for social and economic advancement. In today's world with so much more to know and to learn and also the need for a conscious effort to conquer the divisive forces, the importance of reading is increased. In the olden days if reading was not cultivated or encouraged, there was a subtitle for it in the religious sermon and in the oral tradition.

Lemony snicker said that
never trust an "yone who has not brought
book with them"
IN THE NINETEENTH CENTURY VICTORIAN
HOUSEHOLDS USED TO GET TOGETHER FOR AN
HOUR OR SO IN THE EVENING AND LISTEN TO

BOOKS BEING READ ALOUD, BUT, TODAY WE NOT ONLY READ, WE ALSO WANT TO READ MORE AND MORE AND CATCH UP WITH THE **EVENTS TAKING PLACE AROUND US.** READING SKILLS ARE ESSENTIAL TO SUCCEED IN SOCIETY. THOSE WHO ARE GOOD READERS TEND TO EXHIBIT PROGRESSIVE SOCIAL SKILLS. A PERSON WHO IS WIDELY READ IS ABLE TO MIX WITH OTHERS. HE IS A BETTER CONVERSATIONALSIT THEN THOSE WHO DO NOT READ. HE CAN STAND HIS GROUND. READING BROADENS THE **VISION. IT IS IN A WAY A SUBSTITUTE FOR** TRAVEL.

IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO TRAVEL AS MUCH ONE WOULD LIKE TO AND READING CAN FILL IN THE GAP CREATED BY THE LACK OF TRAVEL.

HAVING CONFIDENCE IS READING ONLY COMES FROM THE DAILY PRACTICE FOR BETTER WAY BECAUSE READING BAD WIDENED BIS VISION AND POINT OF VIEW. THUS A WIDELY READ MAN

IS BETTER CONVERSATIONAL AND IS ABLE TO SEE THE OTHER

SIDE POINT OF VIEW. STEPHEN KING SAID THAT BOOKS ARE A UNIQUELY "PORTABLE MAGIC" AS A RESULT OF READING BOOKS OVER A PERIOD OF TIME, A LEARNING PROCESS IS FORMED. THERE

ARE A GREAT MANY BENEFITS TO BE GAINED FROM READING BOOKS. IT IS PROVEN THAT IS THIS TECHNOLOGICAL SOCIETY THE DEMANDS FOR HIGHER LEVELS OF LITERACY ARE CREATING

UNFAVOURABLE CONSEQUENCES FOR THOSE WHO FALL SHORT. IS EVEN MORE OF REASON TO

GET IN TO THE HABIT OF READING BOOKS, BUT WITH THE CINEMA AND TELEVISION TAKING UP GREAT DEAL OF ATTENTION OF CHILDREN, TEENAGES
AND EVEN ADULTS, THE HABIT OF SERIOUS READING IS DYING OUT. WE MUST

NEVER LET IT DIE OUT

Harikrishnan

9A

TO MY NATURE

The Day is light and night is black.
The sea has no end and the forest has no end.
We try to love you But,
it never complete successfully.

Oh! My earth you looking so beautiful. But we destroy your beauty's all. Your beauty as a paradise. You covered with full of green carpet. I miss you beauty and everything.

Albyn IX.B



