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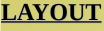
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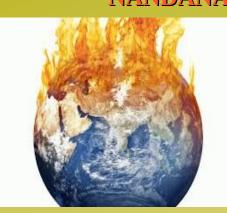
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Global warming

Introduction



Global warming, also referred to as climate change, is the observed century-scale rise in the average temperature of the Earth's climate system and its related effects. Multiple lines of scientific evidence show that the climate system is warming. Many of the observed changes since the 1950s are unprecedented in the instrumental temperature record, and in paleoclimate proxy records of climate change over thousands to millions of years.

In 2013, the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) Fifth Assessment Report concluded, "It is *extremely likely* that human influence has been the dominant cause of the observed warming since the mid-20th century."[6] The largest human influence has been the emission of greenhouse gases such as carbon dioxide, methane, and nitrous oxide. In view of the dominant role of human activity in causing it, the phenomenon is sometimes called "*anthropogenic* global warming" or "*anthropogenic* climate change". Climate model projections summarized in the report indicated that during the 21st century, the global surface temperature is likely to rise a further 0.3 to 1.7°C (0.5 to 3.1°F) to 2.6 to 4.8°C (4.7 to 8.6°F) depending on the rate of greenhouse gas emissions. These findings have been recognized by the national science academies of the major industrialized nations [a] and are not disputed by any scientific body of national or international standing.

Variations in Earth's orbit

Warmest years vs. overall trend

Sixteen of the seventeen warmest years on record have occurred since 2000. While record-breaking years attract considerable public interest, individual years are less significant than the overall trend. Some climatologists have criticized the attention that the popular press gives to "warmest year" statistics. In particular, ocean oscillations such as the El Niño Southern Oscillation (ENSO) can cause temperatures of a given year to be abnormally warm or cold for reasons unrelated to the overall trend of climate change. Gavin Schmidt stated: "the long-term trends or the expected sequence of records are far more important than whether any single year is a record or not

Climate change feedback

The climate system includes a range of *feedbacks*, which alter the response of the system to changes in external forcings. Positive feedbacks increase the response of the climate system to an initial forcing, while negative feedbacks reduce it. Climate system feedbacks feature thresholds, constrained by planetary boundary conditions, which may trigger other processes on regional or global scale, and may act in a non-linear expression, until a system reaches a new stable state.

There are a range of feedbacks in the climate system, including water vapour, changes in ice-albedo (snow and ice cover affect how much the Earth's surface absorbs or reflects incoming sunlight), clouds, and changes in the Earth's carbon cycle (e.g., the release of carbon from soil). The main negative feedback is the energy the Earth's surface radiates into space as infrared radiation. According to the Stefan-Boltzmann law, if the absolute temperature (as measured in kelvins) doubles,[e] radiated energy increases by a factor of 16 (2 to the 4th power).

Arctic amplification

Climate models

A climate model is a representation of the physical, chemical and biological processes that affect the climate system. Such models are based on scientific disciplines such as fluid dynamics and thermodynamics as well as physical processes such as radiative transfer. The models may be used to predict a range of variables such as local air movement, temperature, clouds, and other atmospheric properties; ocean temperature, salt content, and circulation; ice cover on land and sea; the transfer of heat and moisture from soil and vegetation to the atmosphere; and chemical and biological processes, among others.

Effects

Biosphere

Overall, it is expected that climate change will result in the extinction of many species and reduced diversity of ecosystems. Rising temperatures have been found to push bees to their physiological limits, and could cause the extinction of bee populations. A 2012 study concluded that continued ocean uptake of CO_2 affects the brains and central nervous system of certain fish species and this impacts their ability to hear, smell, and evade predators. The study authors note, "We've now established it isn't simply the acidification of the oceans that is causing disruption—as is the case with shellfish and plankton with chalky skeletons -- but the actual dissolved CO_2 itself is damaging the fishes' nervous systems."

As the climate change melts sea ice, the U.S. Geological Survey projects that two-thirds of polar bears will disappear by 2050. The environmental effects of global warming are broad and far reaching. They include the following diverse effects:

· Arctic sea ice decline, sea level rise, retreat of glaciers: Global warming has led to decades of shrinking and

thinning in a warm climate that has put the Arctic sea ice in a precarious position, it is now vulnerable to atmospheric anomalies. Projections of declines in Arctic sea ice vary. Recent projections suggest that Arctic summers could be ice-free (defined as ice extent less than 1 million square km) as early as 2025-2030. The sea level rise since 1993 has been estimated to have been on average 2.6mm and 2.9mm per year \pm 0.4mm. Additionally, sea level rise has accelerated from 1995 to 2015. Over the 21st century, the IPCC projects for a high emissions scenario, that global mean sea level could rise by 52-98cm

- Theertha
- 9G

NATURAL HAZARDS

Natural hazard or disaster is a very common phenomenon for humanity .Human beings have experienced disasters in different forms .People are becoming more and more vulnerable to disasters of all types, which include earth quakes, floods cyclones, land slides, drought, accidents, plane crashes, forest fires etc. This is quite true in the case of both developed and developing countries. They causes great loss of lives and property. Of all disasters, floods are the most common, followed by wind storms, droughts and earthquakes. Droughts are intensifying; our oceans are warming and acidifying, with methane plums rising up from beneath the ocean floor. Climate change is our single greatest security threat. The direct and indirect impacts of hazards, either natural or industrial, are always damage, destruction and death. When disaster strikes, the lifeline support systems namely communications,power supply,water supply,drainage etc..are damaged. Moreover health care and hospitals are also put

under severe stress. Commercial and economic activities are also

badly affected. Life almost comes to a stand still.

Disaster managements has assumed greater importance in recent times. The whole purpose of disaster management is not to prevent these natural hazards. It is true that we can't prevent hazards and we can definitely reduce its impact. In fact the measures of rehabilitation that are adopted after each disaster are not good enough in many parts. The state level and the central government have to work together for reducing the impacts of the hazards. The rescue team should have additional skills and they should be equipped with the latest technology. If these things are carried out, the impact of the disaster can be reduced and many lives are saved.

Aiswarya

9G

Save Forests



Forest are the lungs of the earth! Not only do they purify the air we breath, forests store carbon,help in maintaining global climate as well as recharge our water sources forests are there for crucial for the survival of life on this earth! Forests are home to some of the most unique planet and animal species and support a diversity of life forms. The loss of forests has pushed many species to the brink of extinction. Forests are life support system for the rural poor. Almost 90% of the earth's poverty ridden communities depend on forests for food, fibre and energy. Forests provide free survives to all life-water, soil and oxygen!

As you read this hundreds of acres of forests are being cleared a farm and am 100% in favour of agriculture but see that we have some problems with pollution.

Most farmers are doing all that they can to

improvethese problems, but a pollution free environment is not possible if farmers

are to keep up the level of production required to feed our ever increasing

pollution on less and less land

Sayana

9B

EARTH QUACKE



Earth is like house soil water, wind, climates etc.......... are the room of it mountains and peacks are the pillars of the houses it destroyed by human being. So the earth quack is formed. It started because human being. So human being destroying by earth quake. Earth quake lauses many of building trees, houses, were destroying so our house, Earth destroy by the brutual land man......So protect our Earth avoid tha calamities. Protect our people.

Harikrishnanan

9C

FLOODS

A floods is an over flow of water that cover the earth. This over flow can damage building sand cars in it's pathing a severe flood, the water can seep in to house and completely cover them, ruining everything, and if people get caught up in the flood they can be washed away with the flood and drown

An Incident

GIRISH PARK KOLKATA FLYOVER COLLAPSES

The most recent man-made disaster occurred on 31 march at 12:25pm when a portion of the under construction vivekanandha road flyover at Girish park crossing collapsed ,crushing 18 people to death and leaving over 78 injured

construction work on the 2.2 kilometre flyover began in2009, but has been way behind schedule with several deadlines missed. It is reported that the project cost has escalated significantly over the years and bulder has been pressing the west bengal government to release more friends.

It is not clear whether poor design and or poor construction material contributed to the tragedy,but it is clear that lakeof supervision on the part of the authorities led the contractor to be lax on quality monitoring as construction progressed

AVALANCHES

An avalanche is when you have a bunch of snow. Ice or rocks falling repidly down a slope, usually a montain side. You might have seen movies where someone is standing next to a mountain with buch of snow on top. He or she yells out something and the new see all the snow thumble down the slope to ward him or her. That's an avalanches can bury people and animals alive

<mark>nandhana</mark> 9b

ELECTRONIC WASTE IN GUIYU



The Americans, although completely deserving, are not the only ones to blame for the current state of the earth. The Guiyu dump in china is the biggest e-waste landfill in the world. A total of 52 square kilometres of land is buried in iphones, Galaxy s 4 s and other famous electronic devices. Even though of e-waste can't possibly compare in size with world garbage, it contains the intimidating amount of 70% of all heavy metals in the land fills. In time, they leak out of the appliances and guess what, end up in the land air and water. Pretty much all of them surrounding area and especially the rice supplies are exposed to lead poisoning. Guiyu's children have 54 % higher lead levels in their blood then those of the nearby town chendian.

On top of that, the methods of disposal and reprocessing are highly outdated. Some include litterally burning the piles of electronics to retrieve precious metals, which further more pollutes the are soil samples from a Guiyu workshop show 371 kinds more lead and 115 times more copper in comparison to samples taken 30km away.

The environment impact from electronic waste is one of the largest growing problems in the world as of now. Consider that next time you drop your batteries in the general trash can.

Muhammed rinshad 9d

O MOTHER EARTH

"May all the nature forces bring swasti to us. May our fortune and material things bring as swasti. May the earth goddess and naturing as she is yeld swasti for us. May the clouds that provide as life through rain-fall sustain swasti for us and may the sun and all the planets filled with knowledge unto us-"

navaneetha

9a

ROYATOR AIAM

എല്ലാവരും ഭയത്തിന്റ മുൾമുനയിൽ നിൽക്കുകയാണ്.ആളുകൾ നിശബ്ദരാണെങ്കിലുഗ ഒരിടത്തുപോലും ശാന്തതയില്ല.ഭീമാകാരമായ ആ വലിയ ശബ്ദങ്ങളാണ് ജനങ്ങളുടെ ഭയത്തിനു കാരണം.അതവളടേതാണ്, ആ ഭ്രാന്തിയുടേത്.മനുഷ്യർ ഓമനിച്ച വിളിക്കുന്ന ആ മാരിക്കുഞ്ഞിന്റേത്,ആ മഴപ്പെണിന്റേത്.അവൾ ആർത്തലച്ച് കരയുകയാണ്.മനുഷ്യർ ഭയക്കുന്നത് അവളടെ കണ്ണീരിനെയാണ്.ആ സംഹാര തദ്രയുടെ ഭീകരതാണ്ടവം മനുഷർ നിസ്സഹായരായി നോക്കി നിൽക്കുകയാണ്.എത്ര ആലോചിച്ചിട്ടം അവളുടെ വിരഹകാരണം മനസ്സിലാകാതെ...അതിന്റ കാരണം സീതാദ്ദഃഖമോ രാധാവിരഹമോ അല്ല.എല്ലാവരുടേയും ശാപവാക്കുകൾ ഏറ്റവാങ്ങിയിട്ടു മനുഷ്യർക്കുവേണ്ടി ഭൂമിയുടെ സേവകയായ ആ പെണ്ണിന്റ മനസ് ആരും മനസ്സിലാക്കിയിട്ടില്ല.അവളിൽ കത്തിജ്വലിക്കുന്ന തീനാളത്തെ മനസ്സിലാക്കണമെങ്കിൽ ഒന്നു തിരിഞ്ഞു നോക്കണം.മനുഷ്യർ സ്വന്തം സുഖത്തിനു വേണ്ടി ബലിയാടാക്കിയ എത്രയെത്ര വയലുകൾ,കുന്നുകൾ,തണ്ണീർത്തടങ്ങൾ,പുഴകൾ എന്നിവയെല്ലാം ഒന്നോർത്ത്രനോക്കണം.വെള്ളി ചിലങ്കകളിട്ട് നൃത്തമാടിയിരുന്ന ആ കൊച്ച പെണ്ണിന്റ അഴിഞ്ഞു വീണ ചിലങ്കകളോർത്താണ് അവൾ കരയുന്നതെന്ന് അപ്പോൾ മനസ്സിലാകും.അവളുടെ ജീവന് അത്യന്താപേക്ഷിതമായ ചിലതിന്റ അഭാവമാണ് അവളുടെ ചിലങ്കകൾ അഴിഞ്ഞു വീഴാൻ കാരണം.അതിന കാരണം മനുഷ്യരാണ്.ഇന്ന് തലതല്ലിക്കരയുന്ന മനുഷ്യർ.അഴിഞ്ഞുവീണ ചിലങ്കകൾ മാറ്റി വച്ച് അവൾ ആടുന്ന ഈ ഭീകര താണ്ടവം പാവങ്ങളെപ്പോലും വേട്ടയാടിക്കൊണ്ടിരിക്കുകയാണ്.അവളടെ വരവ് ഒരു സൂചന മാത്രമാണ്.പ്രകൃതിയെ വേട്ടയാടുന്നവരോട് തിരിച്ച് പ്രതികരിക്കാൻ പ്രകൃതിക്ക് കഴിയും

എന്നതിന്റെ ഒരു സൂചന മാത്രം....(..sayana 9b)

<u>കരിത</u> ഇലകൾ



ആ ഇലയ്ക്ക് മഞ്ഞനിറമായിരുന്നു.

കാലത്തിന്റെ മുറിവുമാത്രമല്ല,

പഴമയുടെ സ്വർണ്ണത്തിളക്കവുമുണ്ട്.

തളിരിനെ പൂവാക്കിയത്രം,

പൂവിനെ പഴമക്കിയത്രം,

ആ ഇലയായിരുന്നു.

വിത്തുകൾ കൊഴിഞ്ഞ്,

എല്ലാവരാം വടവ്വക്ഷമായപ്പോൾ

ആ പച്ച മെല്ലെ മാഞ്ഞതാണ്.

അല്ല അവരതിനെ ഊറ്റിയെടുത്തതാണ്.

സത്തെല്ലാം വറ്റി.

aswathi 9a

കവിത

415160 DOMO

കാടിന്നകാവലാളാവാം, പെരും കാടിന്നീണമായ് പാടാം നിറയാം.



ആഴത്തിൽ വേരോടി ആകാശമെത്തീട്ട് ജീവനിൽ മാരിയായ് പെയ്യാം. മഴയൂർനിലത്തുമ്പിലിറ്റിറ്റുവീഴുമ്പോൾ അതിനെ പൊതിഞ്ഞു പിടിക്കാം.

കനിവിന്റ ഊഞ്ഞാൽ കിനാവള്ളി കെട്ടാം, അതിലിരുന്നാടിപ്പറക്കാം.

നീത്രട്ടി,കൊട്ടയും,കാട്ടുതെച്ചി,അകിൽ നേരാർന്ന കൂട്ടുകാരാകും.

അത്തിയും,ഇത്തിയും,പൂവിലഞ്ഞി,ക്കൊന്ന നമ്മളായ് പൊങ്ങിപ്പടരും.

പക്ഷികൾ കൊണ്ടുവരും,വരും കാലത്തിനൊന്നായ് മുളയ്ക്കാൻ കരുത്ത്. നാളയായ് മെല്ലെപ്പടർന്നു നിറയുന്ന സ്നേഹഭരിതമാം വിത്ത്.

> nikhila 9d



<u>കവിത</u> കേരളനാടിനിതെ<u>ന്ത</u>

പറ്റി?

കളകളമൊഴുകുന്ന അത്ദവികൾ പാടുന്ന

കേരളനാടിനിന്നെതുപറ്റി ?

കേരകേരാന്തര കേരവ്വക്ഷങ്ങൾ തൻ

മലയാള മനസിനിതെന്തു പറ്റി ?

കളകളമൊഴുകുന്ന പുഴകൾ തൻ ഭാവങ്ങൾ

രൗദ്രമാകുന്നതിന്നെന്തുകൊണ്ട് ?

ദൈവത്തിൻ സ്വന്തമാം നാടത്രേ,കേരളം

ദൈവമെന്താ നമ്മെ വിട്ടപോയോ ?

കേരവ്വക്ഷത്തിന്റെ നാടായ കേരളം

കാലനാം പ്ലാസ്റ്റിക്കിൻ നാടായിയോ ?

ആത്മില്ലേ ഒന്നു ശബ്ദമുയർത്തുവാൻ

നോക്കിനിന്നിട്ടിന്നെന്തു കാര്യം !

nandana gopi 9e

കവിത

മഴവത്രമ്പോൾ

നേരം പുലർന്നു സൂര്യൻ ചിരിച്ചം മാനവും ഭൂമിയും പുഞ്ചിരിച്ചു. അർത്ഥമില്ലാത്തൊരു പുഞ്ചിരിയായത് കാർമേഘവമ്പനതാവരുന്നു. സൂര്യനമായിപടപൊത്തി അവൻ, ഒടുവിൽ അതാ സൂര്യനെ മറച്ചു. സൂര്യനെ കാണാതെ,വെട്ടം ലഭിക്കാതെ മാനവും ഭൂമിയും ഖിന്നയായി. ദ്ദുഖത്തിനർത്ഥം മനസ്സിലാക്കി മാനം സന്തോഷവതിയായ് പുഞ്ചിരിച്ചം മൂകയായ് നിൽക്കുന്ന ഭൂമിയെക്കണ്ടവൾ ദ്ദുഖത്തിനർത്ഥമോതിച്ചിരിച്ച. കേട്ടപാടേ ഭൂമി ആനന്ദഭരിതയായ് മഴയെവരവേൽക്കാൻ കാത്തനിന്നു. ജലമേന്തി ഓടിക്കിതച്ച കാർമേഘം തലകത്തിവീണ മഴപൊഴിഞ്ഞു. മഴമാറി സൂര്യൻ തിരിച്ച വന്നു മാനവും ഭൂമിയും നൃത്തമിട്ട..

> sadara 9e

TSUNAMI

Poem

Like a tsunami
You washed away everything
You destroyed all of my original, antique walls
You smashed through my humble home,
and left me sitting,
ankles deep
on the deserted beach
watching the waves of your destruction
kiss my sanely memories
I was furiou

Until I realized how beautiful the view was

NATURAL DISASTER

A natural disaster is a major



event caused by natural processes of the Earth examples includes floods, Tornadoes, volcanic etruptions, Earthquakes, Tsunamis, Hurricanes, etc....... and other geologic processes. An Natural disaster causes loss of life

property damage, and leaves some economic damage after it has been completed.

It is the damage to humans and their property which caunts most. The international redcross and red cresent movement was established to help in emergencies including natural disasters. The natural disasters effect peoples living quarters, transportation, livehood and means to live.

Its clear that natural disasters are a part of life as we know it. However, science is making it more possible to predict, aid is faster at coming, and people are learning how to rebuild in safer areas.

NATURE HAZARDS



Nature is a gift of God. But

Nature create some hazards. It's main reason is man. Nature has two faces. First one is good that are rivers, mountains, forest, birds, animals, flowers etc......

Second one is man pollute our Nature that create Nature hazards. Nature hazards include Fled, Landslide, Earthquake, Tsunami, etc......

Man destroyed our Nature for selfish purposes. Nature play a very important role in the growth development and sustain of humanity. The preservation of Nature is a matter of great importance. So we protect our Nature. (Theertha,9G)

6th ELEMENTS OF NATURE

In a lovely dusk...... when the golden rays of the sun caress the deep blue sea...... I was sitting by the reel admiring the beauty of the Nature which is the greatest blessing of God, In my loneliness, I felt, the sounds of the voiceless Waves are trying to murmur some thing in my ears, And some verses a rose inside me..... now I give life 2 those verses in a form of a poem...... Five elements in Nature which we all know..... But why are they parted? Are they because, we, human beings have five sensen and sensory organs? "Earth, water, wind, sky and fire" where is the other one? Is it because of its disappearance that our toretathers totally ingnored it in the past? Yes.....it is "plants"! Whenever we think about Nature.

> Arjun 9b

NATURE

Look at the trees,
look at the birds,
look at the clouds,
look at the stars.....
and if you have eyes
you will able to see
that the whole existence is joyful.
Everything is simply happy.
Trees are happy for no reason;
they are not going to become



Prime ministers or presidents and they are not going to become rich and they will never have any bank balance.

Look at the flowers-for no reason.

It is simply unbelievable how happy flowers are

akshay 9b

WILD FIRE



What seems to have caught affention of the government and enviormenatalists is the fact

that the forest fire often reduces the space for wide fire and accethtuate the man animal confict in the region where villagers are also located in puri Garhwal and chamoli where reserve forest is immensely rich in wild fire including tigers and elephants there are reports of consistent human enchroachment in the forest area Envionmentalists suspect that much of the fire in the woods is deliberatly stocked to shrink the forest cover and expand the human habitation in large areas comprising Himalyan foot hills known as Terai. Furmers are known for encroching in to forest areas and there are a large number of cares in which. Tigers, Elephants or leoprds are coming in direct confict with the humans in Haridwar and adjoining.



FLOODS

A flood is an overflow of water that cover the earth. This overflow candamage building sand cars in its path in a severe flood, the water can seep into house and completely cover them, ruining everything and if people get caught up in the flood, they can be washed away with the flood and drown.

जल बैंक

बाल्टी बाल्टी पानी लाते हुए मैने जागी आँखों सपना देखा कि चप्पे -चप्पे पर जल बैंक खुल गए है | आपके मोहल्लेवालों से कुछ ज़्यादा पानी हासिल हो गया है, चिंता की कोई बात नहीं| जाइए और जल बैंक में जमा कर दीजिए | मान लें कि आपके दस बाल्टी अधिक मिल गया है, तो शुद्धता के परीक्षणों के उपरांत बैंक के लंकार में रखकर एक माह बाद नौ बाल्टी हुआ बैंक का | बैंक की इमारत के उप्पेर बड़ी -बड़ी टंकियां है | वे सूद भी देते है | साविध जमा योजन में साल भर बाद दस बाल्टियों के बदले ग्यारह | सौदा महंगा नहीं है | वैसे भी आजकल जिनके पास पानी है ,वे पानीदार हो रहे है यह तो आम जनता है ,जो पानी -पानी हो रही है ,बिना पानी के |

एक झूट इस मौसम में बहुत चलने लगा है | घर में पानी पायोपत है | केवल वाशिंग मशीन में कपडे धोने मुश्कल हो रहे है | वैसे में लोगों को अवसर मिल जाता है झूट बोलने की अपनी आदत को भुनाने का | वे हर पडोसी से कहते -िफरते है नाहा - धोकर , कपडे बर्तन निपटने के पश्चात की घर में पीने के वास्ते भी एक बूद नहीं है | इस स्थिति में जल बैंक आपकी सहायता को तत्पर रहेगा | यदि सच में पानी की ज़रूरत है ,थो लोने ले लें | बस आपका माकन रेहान रहेंगा | तुरंत पचास हज़ार लीटर का आपका ऋण मंजूर | आपको हर महीने पाँच हज़ार मूल और एक हज़ार सूद माह में सिर्फ साठ हज़ार बैंक का देंगे | हाँम प्रति मास सूद न दे तो आपके खात में जोड़कर चक्रवृद्धि ब्यास शुरू |

आपकी बेटी -दमन पानी के लिए जुझ रहे हैं ,कहीं कोई सौ कि .मि. दूर | टेंशन न लें | आप बैंक के मार्फत उन्हें अपना अतिरिकत जल भेज देम | डाक्टर बनवाएंंगे थो कुरियर से या एम्. टी अथवा टी.टी भेज देम | पाँच हज़ार लीटर भेजन का खर्च महज तीन बाल्टी | एक सेंटर खोल रखे है | ए. टी. एम् कोई आप दामाद को दे दें | अपनी ब्रांच में पानी जमा करें ,वो कहाम निकाल लेगा | कैसे ? सरल है | बटन दबाते ही ए. टी.एम् के नल से आदेशानुसार पानी निकलना चालू हो जाएगा | बशतें कि आपके खाते में गमा हो | क्या खा ? एकाउंटम खोलना है ? जलदी चलिए | सदा खाता दो बाल्टी ,चके बुक खाता चार | नल कनेक्शन का प्रमाण ,नल का फोटो और लहरोंसे लहराते आपके हस्ताक्षर... खाता खुला नहीं कि आपकी चारों अगलियाम पानी में ||

Navaneetha

बादल दानी

चम -चम चमकी बिजली रानी, उठी गगन में घटा सुहानी, बादल दानी,बादल दानी, खूब झमाझम बरसो पानी।



प्यासी चिड़िया, प्यासी गैया, खाली है सब ताल -तलैया, सूखे घाट पड़ी है नैया, बादल दानी, बादल दानी,

सागर से भर - भर जल लाते , गाँव - गाँव में रस बरसते , सब जीवों की प्यास बुझाले , धरती हो जाती है धानी , बादल दानी , बादल दानी |

> फसल धान की खोते महके , राह घाट हरियाली लहके मन किसान का गाए चहके देख - देख मेदों तक पानी बादल दानी , बादल दानी खूब झमाझम बरसो पानी ||

> > navaneetha 9a

तब याद तुम्हारी आती है |

जब बहुत सुबह चिड़ियां उठकर कुछ गीत खुशी के गाती है,

> कित्यां दरवाज़े खोल -खोल जब दुनिया पर मुस्काती है , खुशबू की लहरें जब घर से बाहर आ दौङ लगाती है , हे जग के सिरजनहार प्रभो ! तब याद तुम्हारी आती है ||

चुपचाप चमकते तारों कि

महफिल जब रात समजती है,
जब चाँद शान से उठता है

दिल की दुनिया जग जाती है|
कुछ पता नहीं लेकिन ज़रूर
वह सन्देश कुछ पति है,
हे जग के सिरजनहार प्रभो!
तब याद तुम्हारी आती है|

जब छम -छम बूंदे गिरती है बिजली चम् - चम् कर जाती है , मैदानों में , बन -बागों के जब ठंडी -ठंडी हवा कहीं से , जब हरियाली लहराती है मस्ती ढोकर लाती है , हे जग के सिरजनहार प्रभो ! *तब याद तुमारी अति है*

navaneetha

9a

Cyclone

It was a miracle to me
I never think it is closer to me
Cyclone,it's like a cycle
It round arround and round
Oh my fate! I thanking to god
Because my born is not a cyclone
My life is not like a calamities
So,I will not distroy my people
Oh my mother earth
To spoiled you he is coming with his brutual gace sometimes he likes a stammer
Sometimes he likes a gowd
Again,I thank god,he were not
Created me like his brutual thing



Thank you god.....Thank you!

Sneha

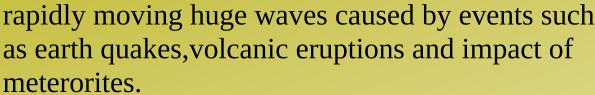
9e

Tsunami

What is Tsunami?

Tsunami which





What is tsunami. The pacific nations often suffer from tsunami and so they have devoleped a tsunami warning system. It is rare on this part of the earth and the disaster that affected us was not predicated. The devastation that struck our TamilNadu, Andra, Orissa and Kerala costs was unprecedented. The whole thing started when a massive earthquake hit Sumatra islands of Indonesia triggering huge tidal waves in coastal parts of Sri Lanka, Malasia and Tamil Nadu on 26 th December. The quake is said to be the fifth largest in the 21 th centuary. The waves traveled at 900 Km/s/hr and covered the low coastel areas of even

distant countries with in a short, time.

NATURAL DISASTER

A natural disaster is unforeseen, severe and immediate. Pollution, ozone depletion in the stratosphere and global warming come in this category. Natural disasters include cyclones, earthquakes, floods, drought (though these two are now being increasingly considered 'man-made' disasters') heat and cold waves, landslides, avalanches, flash floods, severe thunder-storms, hail, low level wind shears, and microburst. The destructive potential of any natural hazard is estimated basically by its spatial extent and severity. spatial extent up to which the effect of a disastrous event could be felt may easily be classified in to small, medium and large scales. The phenomenon extending from a few kilometres to a few tens of kilometres are termed as small scale. Growing industrialisation and unjustified exploitation of natural resources have brought our echo system to a verge of non-reversibility and imbalance. This has led to a threat from a set of natural hazards like pollution, global warming and ozone depletion on large or global scale.

A disaster is an extreme disruption in the functioning of a habitat that causes widespread human,material,or environmental losses that exceed the ability of the affected population to cope with its own resources.Landslides earth quakes, sunami,cyclones,droughts,floods etc are some of the examples of disasters.Disaster management is the discipline by which human beings continuously make effort to mitigate the harm caused by the disasters.

Abhijith 9a

എന്റെ പുഴ



തുള്ളിവെള്ളമില്ലാത്തിടങ്ങളിൽ ചാലുകീറിയാണ് ആളുകൾ വെള്ളം

കണ്ടെത്തുന്നത്. പാലക്കാട്,മലപ്പറം,തൃശ്ശൂർ ജില്ലകളിലെ 444

ശുദ്ധജലപദ്ധതികളിലേയ്ക്കാണ് ഭാരതപ്പുഴയിൽനിന്ന് വെള്ളമൊഴുക്കുന്നത്. ഈ

ഭാരതപ്പുഴയ്ക്ക് പുതുജീവൻ ലഭിയ്ക്കക.

മാലിന്യമൊഴുക്കലും ഇന്ന് നിലച്ചിട്ടില്ല.

Sneha 9b

TREES SUSTAINING FACTORS OF EARTH

Trees and plants plays a major role in sustaining life on earth. It is

only because of trees that life is possible on earth. The uses with these sustaining factors are uncountable. They give the oxygen to breath, give shelter for different birds and animals and gives food for all. Like these the uses of plants and trees are there.

Even though these trees and plants are this much useful

we the selfish human beings cut down them cruelly. In fact we are cutting down our life it self. Even though we know this truth we are ignoning that and by giving more importance to individual happiness or selfishness and profit we are cutting down trees. If this cruelty continues like this the earth is going to be a desert and every organisms including human beings die and the earth will turn to just a planet. We can say that destroying forests is one of the major reason for global warming which we are going to face in our future. This tragedy is not so far. Even though the selfish man kind know this universal truth they are knowingly ignoring this fact and destroying their permanent house earth for temperory happiness. So it is our duty to conserve forest, trees and our biodiversities. Not for the chirping birds, not for the innocent animals, not for the flowing rivers but for the sustains of us. The cruel man kind conserve trees conserve life.

AGRICULTURAL POLLUTION



Some forms of agriculture pollution would be excess fertiliser run off, polluting streams also polluting ground water. Pollution with some pesticides. Some air pollution with dust, some cases burning of fields, and use of tractors and trucks. In some air pollution with odor from feeding floors and large chicken houses. While all of these things can be a problem in some areas, overall agriculture pollution is much less than other industries on such a great scale as agriculture.

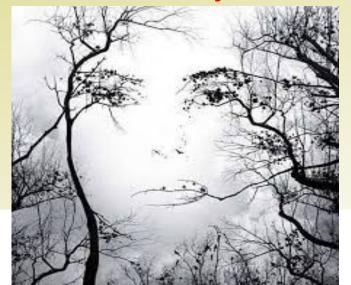
On the positive side agriculture keeps large areas of land green and growing plants for most of the year which use co₂ and produce o₂ and improve the air. I live on and burned.

About 30 million acres of forests are cleared globally every year! Almost 50% of the logging in forests is illegal. Deforestation causes 20% of all carbon pollution causing global climate change. Water sources are drying up and tons of soil is lost due to erosion. Flash floods and landslides are causing loss of life.

Sneha 9c

MOTHER NATURE

Oh! Beauty Nature
Where is your hills?
Where is your mountains?
Yesterday, I felt like a gladness
Why your body rounding
I think you feeling boaring.....
Like a jumping child
Because feel boar......
Your children, mountain, hill
destroy by red hands of me....
I know you become a worry
But I have no idea to escape from this...
Because I want more building
Sorry me.....Sorry



sayana 9b

ലോലഹൃദയ

ജൈനമതത്തിൽ വിശ്വസിച്ചിരുന്ന മുഖ്യമന്ത്രി അഭയചന്ദിന്റേയും ജൈനമതത്തിൽ വിശ്വസിച്ച തുടങ്ങിയത്. അതോടെ ഹിന്ദമതാചാരപ്രകാരമുള്ള എല്ലാ ചടങ്ങകളം രാജ്യത്ത് നിരോധിയ്ക്കപ്പെട്ടു. <mark>അതോടൊപ്പം ചൂതുകളിയും കള്ള</mark>കുടിയും വ്യഭിചാരവുമെല്ലാം തടയപ്പെട്ടു. <mark>ജനങ്ങൾ സസുഖം ജീവിച്ചു. എന്നാൽ, അധികകാലം കഴിയും മുൻപ്</mark> <mark>ഗുണശേഖരൻ രോഗം ബാധിച്ച്</mark> മരിയ്ക്കുകയും പുത്രൻ ധർമ്മധ്വജൻ <mark>രാജാവായി അവരോധിയ്ക്കപ്പെടുകയും ചെയ്ത</mark>. പേരിന്റെ അർത്ഥംപോലും <mark>മലിനമാക്കാൻപോന്നത്ര</mark> തിന്മകളായിരുന്നു പുതിയ രാജാവിന്ദണ്ടായിരുന്നത്. കൊള്ളയും കൊലയും ചൂതുകളിയും <mark>മദ്യപാനവുമൊക്കെ അദ്ധേഹം നിയമനിധേയമാക്കി.</mark> രാജ്യത്ത് <mark>അരക്ഷിത അവസ്ഥ കൊടികത്തിവാണം. ഇ</mark>തിനെ എതിർത്ത മന്ത്രിയെ <mark>വ്യാജ ആരോപണങ്ങൾചുമത്തി പിടിക</mark>്<u>ക</u>ടി. ആ മുഖത്ത് കരിതേട്ട് <mark>കഴുതപ്പറത്തുകയറ്റി തെ</mark>രുവുതോറും ഘോഷയാത്രയായി <mark>കൊണ്ടുപോയശേഷം രാജാവ് അദ്ധേഹത്തെ</mark> നാടുകടത്തി.

കുറെ മാസങ്ങൾക്കുശേഷം ഒരിയ്ക്കൽ രാജാവ് തന്റെ മൂന്ന് ഭാര്യമാതമായി തടാകക്കരയിൽ സല്ലപിച്ചിരിയ്ക്കുകയായിരുന്നു. അപ്പോഴാണ് തടാകത്തിന്റെ നടുക്കായി ഒരു പനിനീർപുഷ്പം വിരിഞ്ഞുനിൽക്കുന്നത് രാജാവ് കാണന്നത്. അതിന്റെ ഭംഗിയിൽ ആകൃഷ്ടനായ രാജാവ് തടാകത്തിലിറങ്ങി നീന്തി ശ്രമപ്പെട്ട് ആ പൂവുമായി മടങ്ങിയെത്തി. അതു തന്റെ ഒന്നാം ഭാര്യയ്ക്കുനല്ലാൻ തുനിയവേ, പൂവ് രാജ്ഞിയുടെ കാൽപാദത്തിൽ വീണം. കോമലമായ ആ പാദം വേദനിയ്ക്കാൻ ആ പൂവിന്റെ പതനം തന്നെ ധാരാളമായിരുന്നു. രാജ്ഞിയുടെ മുഖം വാടിയതുകണ്ട് പരിഭ്രമിച്ച മഹാരാജാവ് വരെയും കൂട്ടി കൊട്ടാരത്തിലെത്തി. രാജ്യത്തെ പ്രമുഖ വൈദ്യന്മാരെ എല്ലാം വിളിച്ചവരുത്തി ചികിത്സയും തുടങ്ങി. ആ സമയം രാജാവിന്റെ രണ്ടാം <mark>ഭാര്യയുടെ ദേഹത്തെല്ലാം വ്രണങ്ങൾ ത്രപപ്പെട്ട</mark>ു. അധികം കഴിയും മുൻപെ <mark>അന്തപുരത്തിൽ നിന്നള്ള എന്തോ ചെറിയ ശബ</mark>്ദം കേട്ട് മൂന്നാം ഭാര്യയ്ക്കാ ബോധക്കേടുണ്ടായി.

<mark>ഈ മൂന്നഭാര്യമാരിൽ ഏറ്റവും ലോല</mark>ഹൃദയ ആരാണ്?

സംശയമെന്താണ്? നേരിയ ശബ്ദം കൊണ്ടുപോലും ബോധരഹിതയായ മൂന്നാം ഭാര്യ തന്നെ.

> sayana 9b

WEBSITE ADRESS

A speech about ozone by Nandana Gopi
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hW6ZcJcs1tY&t=4s

Hindi story telling by Anagha T T https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H32ipdMVFHw

A wonderful speech about Technology by Gouri Nandana https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TOUw0NLOIxs

Malayalam poem recitation by Navaneetha, Aswathi & Nandana https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cNRzdFft-3g

English poem recitation by Nandana https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxVUTwv3fv4

An interesting speech about gender and equality by Theertha https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fMy8WUpeqjU