



UNIQUENESS OF INDIAN CONSTITUTION

On January 26, 1950, one of the world's largest constitutions came into existence. A large nation once ruled by the British Empire, now received, what our great patriots raised across history "Poorna Swaraj", a complete Independence. We received Independence in 1947, but we achieved an independent doctrine for independent rule in 1950. It was a breakthrough of a great nation, waiting her independence for centuries. But something made us 'special' or 'unique'. World reviewed as through a different perspective: "What made us unique?" is a simple question to ask but a harder answer to deliver. Because to answer that question needs to recite a whole bunch of Indian history, her "Sufferings", "movements" and at last "Peace".



..... As, Robert Clive, one of the first Successful British Generals in India, once said. "a rather ruthless Company, headquartered in London, 4 windows wide, operated in India through a violent regime". As we know the British Empire colonised us for 200 yrs. But when the sun was setting in different parts of the empire, people thought of what "next". The Indian people also had the same confusion in mind. "What 'next'?" But the leaders of Indian Independence movement came together and decided to have a Constitution for this vast nation. And Dr. B.R. Ambedkar was appointed as the Chairman of the drafting committee, a beautiful irony. A member of ~~the~~ one of the lower castes in India was appointed to draft the Indian Constitution. On January 26th 1950, B.R. Ambedkar donated his life and provided us with a "Constitution". This was "the beginning of an end".....



... The Starting phrases of the Constitution says the powerfulness of its existence. As the preamble reads out "We the People of India". Declaring everyone in India, Hindu, Muslim, Sikh, Christian all as one. The Constitution instead called as "We", the people of India. The Constitution of India protected the people's dignity. It also assured the people what the French revolution have assured "Liberty", "Equality", and "Fraternity". It also provide us with freedom and justice. It forbids discrimination. At last the Constitution saw everyone as "equal".

... In the long history of India, political parties criticised many governments, that, "the government" is over exploiting the Constitution. It was frequent during the 1970's. But India and its people as a whole, through our democratic systems and values showed that "Indian Constitution" can't be defeated. The entry of Supreme Court in various



matters, criticised every institution whether government or private, for crossing the limit set by the Constitution. The Constitution is a "living document". If not then India will not be here. But these are mere manifestations showing the uniqueness of the Constitution. We must separately assess the uniqueness of India's "Holy text".

Indian Constitution is rigid and flexible. The Constitution is vast, but helpful for solving the problem of the common individual. Due to our ability to take and include the various constitutions across the world. Our Constitution assures that Justice must be served for every problem. No one, even any might politician can ~~take~~ 'hijack' the Constitution. In a nutshell we can say the Constitution of India have provided justice for every one irrelevant of their religion, Caste, region, linguistic specialities etc.



The Constitution is the soul for every states and Union territories in India. Without the Constitution India will face the fate of the USSR in 1991. The decentralisation policies of the Centre even strengthened the existence of the Constitution. But "Mala fide Unless proven otherwise" doctrine of the Central government to the attitude towards the States in times created fractures in the verses of the Constitution. But like a phoenix bird, she had risen from the ashes and showed its mightiness.

The World sees India as the "largest democratic nation". The phrase remains across the world, due to the 'Holy text' of Indians (Constitution). We have one of the best democratic systems of election. But the political parties at some point of their times forget their ideologies and widens from the people. But the judiciary seen as a guardian to



to the Constitution eradicates this crisis. In a nutshell, we can say 'No India with no Constitution'. We stand here seventy years back through the Constitution.

..... We we assess deeper into the Indian Society we can see most of the Caste inequalities before 1950 came to an end and the poor and backward classes uplifted by the effective working of the Indian Constitution. As our judiciary states "Untouchability is the crudest manifestation of inequality". We totally eradicated this deadly curse from India once and for all.

..... But some politicians in news debates or during political speeches convey that "the government murdered the Constitution". The Indian people mustn't believe in it. These are just political backing of some parties. We as concerned citizens must keep our trust.



in the Soul document, the Indian Constitution. We must participate in elections and show the powerfulness of the Constitution. This occurs when we equalise faith, tradition, and politics in respect with the Constitution.

India saw many crisis' across its long history. But with peoples faith in the 'Constitution' and the Soul of 'Nationalism', we stand on a global scale as winners and not losers. The Countries of Lebanon, and Chile are in a state of chaos. This is because their Constitutions are weak. And they were unable to hear the "peoples problems". Instead these Constitution heard the lavishness of the elites. Their our Constitution comes as a perpetuating document. The people of this nation saw "hope", which lighted up the slogans of "Freedom", "Justice" and hope.



... Once an immortal Superpower, the USSR, in the dawn of 1991, fragmented into 15 independent countries. This is due to the inability of the Soviet Constitution to accept and consider each and every traditions. Unlike the Soviet Constitution, the Indian Constitution was a staggering success. Because world's first Communist government through democratic elections came in one of the States of our Constitution bound nation, Kerala. This irony shows, how our Constitution is ready to accept any ideologies standing in any pole towards us. The Indian Constitution won the hearts of everyone. Rich to the poor: We out perform one of the first Constitutions, the Constitution of the U.S.A. And a vast set of ideals from different Constitutions across the world and uniting it into one single powerful document that have the capacity to hold a diverse nation.

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India received the designation of Country with "Unity in Diversity", not in a single day. It is through the effective working of the Indian Constitution from years of its existence. The "Constitution of India" gives room for every culture in India. The Constitution teaches us to 'accept all and hate none'. Because Bharat, literally known in ancient times, was bound by the phrase "Adithi Devo Bhava". Treating everyone like guests. That's why we accepted everyone from the Romans to the Mongols and Islamic empires and even the mighty British empire.

Indian Constitution accommodates everyone, including a tribal girl from Manipur, a Dalit from Maharashtra, a radical feminist from Delhi, a young leftist from Kerala, an Ambedkar supporter from the heartland of Uttar Pradesh, an Islamic from Jammu & Kashmir and a Hindutva preacher



from North India. This shows the vast heart of the Indian Constitution. It not only accepts traditions and cultures, but even ideologies. It give room for every political parties show its might battle not by 'physical power' or 'money power', but by the battle of 'words'.

Indian Constitution's ability to amend itself through continuous revisions in the parliament, and its ability to give verdicts on the matters of religion are all successes. But the both, said above have serious aftermath. Some times governments with majority in the house can amend laws easily without a serious review from the opposition. In the next case, sometimes law comes in conflict with faith. But sooner or later, Constitution finds a solution for both. Sabarimala and Ayodhya are the recent examples we can point out.



Human beings, always have an ability to criticise everything. This is because of our nature. We living inside India always criticise that Constitution is ineffective and a party holds power. Apart from all these acquisitions against the Constitution is above all. It is and still always be the guardian of the Constitution.

Constitution always glowed light upon chaos. Uniqueness of Indian Constitution stood through stunning ~~la~~ laws and powerful rights. We hold till this day the mightiness of the Constitution. Constitution of India will always remain a lantern on any thunderstorm that hits the democratic state of India. The political bias in Maharashtra in recent days can't defeat the democratic system of India. Because at last Constitution provided equality and had justice served in the state.



To define the Uniqueness of the Indian Constitution through words is insufficient. It will take more time, even the time it took for drafting it. India became unique across the world through the Constitution. And Constitution became unique, due to the hardwork of the members of the drafting committee to frame it. The people's role in participating in India's largest democratic process clears its ability of "uniqueness". Let this Uniqueness be immortal to the Constitution of India, and its people. Let "justice" light up through Uniqueness and at last "Hope".....

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